

Preparation, Characterization and Photocatalytic Activity of sulphated V₂O₅-ZrO₂ Catalysts for the Degradation of Direct Blue-1 dye

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Received July 12, 2012; Accepted August 13, 2012

Abstract: The X-ray powder diffraction (XRD), Fourier-transform infrared (FTIR), Ultraviolet (UV) spectroscopy, particle size analyzer methods are thus ideally suited for characterization and identification photocatalytic efficiency of 5% V₂O₅ contain (5wt.%) ZrO₂ and non-sulphated ZrO₂ samples modified by NH₄VO₃ prepared by wetness impregnation technique. Degradation of direct blue-1 (DB) dye was tested for the effectiveness of the samples. The results showed large surface area (183 m² g⁻¹), small crystallites size and catalytic activity well correlates with the Lewis acid sites density of these catalysts, and showed a conversion comprises of 95% after UV irradiation (emitting at 365 nm) for 60 min exceeding that of SO₄ free ZrO₂ sample (68%) obtained at the same period of illumination. The DB photocatalytic degradation follows first order rate kinetics. More information on the activity, surface Characterization discussed for all samples

Keywords: Sulphated zirconia, Photodegradation Degradation of direct blue-1 dye; *Kinetics, Surface Characterization.*

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