



Air Mycoflora in Grain and Flour Areas of Silos Factories in Kosovo

Sabri Hajdini^{1*}, Donika Prifti²

¹*P.U.M., Faculty of Food Technology, Mitrovica, Kosovo;* ²*University of Tirana, Faculty of Natural Sciences, Department of Industrial Chemistry, Tirana, Albania; Faculty of Technology, Public University of Mitrovica, Metalurgical Industrial Park, 40000, Mitrovicë, Republic of Kosovo*

Received December 24, 2013; Accepted February 14, 2014

Abstract: Determination of air mycoflora in silos facilities in Kosovo is done in order to mold ascertain acumen in silos and flour mills in four different areas that are considered most polluted: the place of receipt of grain, near sieves, to fragmenting machines and packaging. The method used was that of sedimentation (microbial clouds), which is simple and very suitable for practical work. There are different types of isolated molds of which have been most prevalent class *Fungi imperfecti* mold with *Clodosporium* dominant genders and *Alternaria*, *Ascomyceteve* class with a high proportion of gender *Aspergillus spp* and *Penicillium spp.* and gender *Rhizopus* and *Mucor* (representatives *Phycomycetes* main class) were present in small percentages.

Keywords: *mycoflora, environmental, milling, grain*

* Corresponding: E-Mail: s_hajdini@live.com Tel: +37744309531